

**Partie 1 :** Développer et réduire les expressions suivantes :

$$A = (4x - 3)^2$$

$$A = (4x)^2 - 2 \times 4x \times 3 + 3^2$$

$$\boxed{A = 16x^2 - 24x + 9}$$

$$B = \left(\frac{5}{4} - 3x\right)^2$$

$$B = \left(\frac{5}{4}\right)^2 - 2 \times \frac{5}{4} \times 3x + (3x)^2$$

$$B = \left(\frac{25}{16}\right) - \frac{15}{2}x + 9x^2$$

$$\boxed{B = 9x^2 - \frac{15}{2}x + \frac{25}{16}}$$

$$C = (\sqrt{7} - 2x)^2$$

$$C = (\sqrt{7})^2 - 2 \times \sqrt{7} \times 2x + (2x)^2$$

$$C = 7 - 4\sqrt{7}x + 4x^2$$

$$\boxed{C = 4x^2 - 4\sqrt{7}x + 7}$$

$$D = (3\sqrt{6} - 5x)^2$$

$$D = (3\sqrt{6})^2 - 2 \times 3\sqrt{6} \times 5x + (5x)^2$$

$$D = 9 \times 6 - 2 \times 3\sqrt{6} \times 5x + (5x)^2$$

$$D = 54 - 30\sqrt{6}x + 25x^2$$

$$\boxed{D = 25x^2 - 30\sqrt{6}x + 54}$$

$$E = 4x - (x + 7)^2$$

$$E = 4x - (x^2 + 14x + 49)$$

$$E = 4x - x^2 - 14x - 49$$

$$\boxed{E = -x^2 - 10x - 49}$$

$$F = 3(2 + 6x)^2$$

$$F = 3(4 + 24x + 36x^2)$$

$$F = 12 + 72x + 108x^2$$

$$\boxed{F = 108x^2 + 72x + 12}$$

$$G = 3 - (8 - x)^2$$

$$G = 3 - (64 - 16x + x^2)$$

$$G = 3 - 64 + 16x - x^2$$

$$\boxed{G = -x^2 + 16x - 61}$$

$$H = 4 - 2(x - 3)^2$$

$$H = 4 - 2(x^2 - 6x + 9)$$

$$H = 4 - 2x^2 + 12x - 18$$

$$\boxed{H = -2x^2 + 12x - 14}$$

$$I = (1 - x)(x + 5)^2$$

$$I = (1 - x)(x^2 + 10x + 25)$$

$$I = x^2 + 10x + 25 - x^3 - 10x^2 - 25x$$

$$\boxed{I = -x^3 - 9x^2 - 15x + 25}$$

**Partie 2** : Développer et réduire les expressions suivantes :

$$J = (2 - 5x)(2 + 5x)$$

$$J = 2^2 - (5x)^2$$

$$\boxed{J = 4 - 25x^2}$$

$$K = \left(\frac{4}{3} - 5x\right) \left(\frac{4}{3} + 5x\right)$$

$$K = \left(\frac{4}{3}\right)^2 - (5x)^2$$

$$\boxed{K = \frac{16}{9} - 25x^2}$$

$$L = (\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{2}x) (\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{2}x)$$

$$L = (\sqrt{5})^2 - (\sqrt{2}x)^2$$

$$\boxed{L = 5 - 2x^2}$$

$$M = (3\sqrt{2} + 4x) (3\sqrt{2} - 4x)$$

$$M = (3\sqrt{2})^2 - (4x)^2$$

$$M = 9 \times 2 - 16x^2$$

$$\boxed{M = 18 - 16x^2}$$

$$N = 2(3 + 8x)(3 - 8x)$$

$$N = 2(3^2 - (8x)^2)$$

$$N = 2(9 - 64x^2)$$

$$\boxed{N = 18 - 128x^2}$$

$$O = 7x^2 - \left(\sqrt{3} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}x\right) \left(\sqrt{3} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}x\right)$$

$$O = 7x^2 - \left[ (\sqrt{3})^2 - \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}x\right)^2 \right]$$

$$O = 7x^2 - \left[ 3 - \frac{1}{5}x^2 \right]$$

$$O = 7x^2 - 3 + \frac{1}{5}x^2$$

$$\boxed{O = \frac{36}{5}x^2 - 3}$$