

AP Factorisation.

$$\boxed{\text{Ex1}} \quad A = a^2 + ab = \boxed{a(a+b)}$$

$$B = 5k - kt = \boxed{k(5-t)}$$

$$C = ab - b = \boxed{b(a-b)}$$

$$D = xy^2 + x^2y = xy \times y + xy \times x \\ = \boxed{xy(y+x)}$$

$\boxed{\text{Ex2}}$

$$E = (2-5x)^2 + (2-5x)(3-x) \\ = (2-5x)(2-5x) + (2-5x)(3-x) \\ = (2-5x)(2-5x+3-x) \\ = \boxed{(2-5x)(-6x+5)}$$

$$F = 6n(2-5n) - (2-5n)^2 \\ = 6n(2-5n) - (2-5n)(2-5n) \\ = (2-5n)(6n - (2-5n)) \\ = (2-5n)(6n - 2 + 5n) \\ = \boxed{(2-5n)(11n-2)}$$

$$G = 4(1-a)^2 - 3(1-a) \\ = (1-a) \times 4(1-a) - (1-a) \times 3 \\ = (1-a)(4(1-a) - 3) \\ = (1-a)(4 - 4a - 3) \\ = \boxed{(1-a)(1-4a)}$$

$$\boxed{\text{Ex3}} \quad H = x^2 - 9 = x^2 - 3^2 = \boxed{(x+3)(x-3)}$$

$$I = 25a^2 - 16 = (5a)^2 - 4^2 = \boxed{(5a+4)(5a-4)}$$

$$J = 16t^2 - 8t + 1 = (4t)^2 - 8t + 1 = \boxed{(4t-1)^2}$$

$$K = b^2 + 8b + 16 = b^2 + \overset{2 \times 4t \times 1}{8b} + 4^2 = \boxed{(b+4)^2}$$

$2 \times b \times 4$

$$L = 4n^2 + 10n + 9 = (2n)^2 + \overset{2 \times 2n \times 3}{10n} + 3^2 \\ = 12n$$

Pas de factorisation possible avec les identités remarquables pour L.

$\boxed{\text{Ex4}}$

$$M = (2-x)^2 - (3x+7)^2 = (2-x+3x+7)(2-x-(3x+7)) \\ = \boxed{(2x+9)(2-x-3x-7)} \\ = \boxed{(2x+9)(-4x-5)}$$

$$N = (5n-1)^2 - (2-4n)^2 = (5n-1+2-4n)(5n-1-(2-4n)) \\ = (n+1)(5n-1-2+4n) \\ = \boxed{(n+1)(9n-3)}$$

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$$O = 4k^2 - (3-k)^2 = (2k)^2 - (3-k)^2 \\ = (2k+3-k)(2k-(3-k)) \\ = (k+3)(2k-3+k) \\ = \boxed{(k+3)(3k-3)}$$